# THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 6488.

MORNING EDITION-TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1854.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD LET TO ONE OR TWO gentlemen, a handsomely furnished front room and room, of the second floor also, two rooms on the third, with partial board. House has all the modern lawements. Apply at No. 12 West Thirteenth street. BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO PLEASANT ROOMS IN stable private family to let, with partial board, to stable genulcines. Apply at 233 Twelfth street, a few doors east of Broadway.

OR ONE DOLLAR, POST PAID, I WILL SEND TO any address printed directions, in forty-seven different ya, of making a living suitable for either sex. in city or natry, in or cut doors, from which SI to Elly per day can made by industry. Address J. Smith, how 124 Broadway

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORN AMENTAL PAINTING, PA
per hanging, &c., &c., JOHN McCUSKER, No. 3 Second avenue, near Houston street. N. B. - Fire and water
proof paint, warranted.

MEDALS FOUR HAS LYON NOW-England sent him one you know.
Belgium another:
Then he had, beyond dispute,
One from our lusticute—
Then provide False, too wans deute.
The provide False was a considered to the second of the provider four onal price.
Leptit 424 Breadway, New York, and Statter Philadelphia. Price—retail, 25 cents per flash was wholesale in proportion.

RED HOOK LOTS, -A PLOT OF THIRTY-SIX LOTS, mear Atlantic Dock Basin, will be sold at a great har

4.000 TO \$5,000.—FOR SALE, THE INTEREST of a partner in the wholesale provision below, situated in one of the best locations down fown, west a factors enterties, theraid office.

2.500 - FARTNER WANTED-TO ENGAGE IN 2.500 - a business in which \$10,000 can be unade, cood, full and welfdoors secret party from loss. Address G. C. S., flerald office.

C. B. HOWES & CO., SI Nassau street.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. - NOTICE IS beceby given that the firm of Voorbees & Richmond is Cranberry, N. J., May 16, 1854. J. W. RICHMOND.

Dissolution - THE COPARTNERSHIP OF THE firm of highes & Wood, 761% Broadway, was finally dissolved May 27 18M. NOTICE.—THE FIRM HERETOFORE EXISTING UN-der the name of Vandewater & Valentine, was dissolv-ed on the 5th day of May, 1854 all debts due to the said frm are payable to me. A. C. VANDEWATER 886 Broadway.

NOTICE -THE COPARTNERSHIP HEREATOPORE aristing between Benjamin Brown, Alfred Mable and William Borgan, under the firm of Benjamin Brown, Alabie & Co., doing business in this city as house movers, house glis drivers and dock builders, is dissolved from this date by mutual soment. Benjamin Brown has withdrawn rom thrm. The business will hereafter be conducted un or the firm. The business will hereafter be conducted un or the firm of English Brown. The new firm is authorized to alone up the affairs of the late copartnership.

LEPARD MAY HIS. 222 Broome street, WILLIAM MORGAN, SI Eighth street, New York, May 21, 1854.

COOPER LUPLEX WATCHES, IN HUNTING CASES
S165 to \$1:0, warranted perfect timekeepers. G. C. ALLEN, 11 Well street, near Broadway, second floor.

GOLD LEAF AND DENTISTS' GOLD FOIL. DEV-tists' foil, \$25 per onnes; usual deep gold, \$6 per pack age; extra deep in proportion. Cash, bankable mouse A the Fremium Gold Leaf Factory, 112 Fanklin street. L. WAUGH.

J. L. WAUGH.

COLD VEST CHAINS.—GOLD CURB, \$6 TO \$45. GOL.

Wove, \$10 to \$22; gold Adelaide, \$13 to \$25; gold Jenny
Lind, \$13 to \$45; gold chained and plain, \$15 to \$50; gold
hexagon, \$17 to \$42; gold Warsaw \$10 to \$30; gold square
\$11 to \$45; gold ongraved, \$16 to \$36; gold chained, \$24 to \$60;
gold fronted, \$27 to \$70. All other styles at less than usual
prince. GEO. C. ALLEN. Importer, wholesals and retuil

Ke. 11 Wall street, second floor, near Broadway.

COLD LEPINE WATCHES FOR LADIES, PROM \$15-to \$55, warranted, by G C. ALIEN, II Wall street, near Breadway, second floor.

MAGIC WATCHES, WHICH CHANGE INTO THREE different watches, for gentlemen and ladies, from \$120 to \$190. G C. ALLEN, II Wall street, near Breadway, second floor.

WATCHES -GOLD DETACHED LEVERS, FULL tiemen, from \$50 to \$45. G. C. ALLEN, II Wail street, near Broadway, second floor.

\$5.000 RBWAED IS OFFERED TO ANY PROLody Medam Ciffton in the art of astrology. She is the
only ledy in the United States who can give correct claim
mant on marriago, deaths, losses, lawants, absent friends
and she also can ours any disease in its last stage. They
wishing to conrult her had better oul soon, for her stay is
limited. Residence 55 Thompson street, between Broom,
and Spring.

MRS. LADOMUS. NO. 208 CANAL STREET, IS NOW prepared to tell past, present, and future events—love-courtship and marriage. She will also make love mutual between parties where it does not now exist; and many ether things, too numerous to mention in an advertisement like this. Please give me a call. A few furnished rooms can be had at 208 Canal street

Gentlemen 31, indies 50 cents.

MADARE MORROW IS, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, THE M. meet wonderful setrologist in the world, or that has ever been knayer. She will tell past, present, and feature would, and will show your future husband and absent grands, which has astemished thousands during her travell in Europe. She is a sweath daughter of a sweath or were all the second with a natural girl the second with a natural girl the second with a second with a natural girl the resy thousand was second with a natural girl the resy thousand, and we happy made to come together, who will all galey the greatest imprinces of matrimonial bliss. She is h decondant of a line of astrologuer reaching both for contarting, and her predictions are truly actualizing to all that visit her. All who have been disappointed elsewhere, and they may appear upon turn advice, founded on the eternal principle of magical science. 76 Broome stress, between Cannon and Colembia streets. Gentlemes not consisted.

A NOTHER ARRIVAL OF REAL INDIA CAMELS HAIR heave and searfs, directs from Calcutta, a very choice let, comprising soariest square shawls, with plaic centres and astrow betcors, also storfs, ties and mantle scarfs.

CREAT RANGAINS IN SHAWLS.—THE SUSSCRI-CI her having purchased the entire stock of Canion crape chawle of one of the largest importers, as a discount of ST/S per cent from cost, he is now prepared to offer to the public a most extensive associations, both plain anna embordered, at a corresponding reduction. Also, a very great variety of brocks and cashmore square and long shawal at similar GEO. BULPIN, 301 Broad erg. IMPORTED WOVE CORSETS.-MRS. GAYNOR HAS

BITCHTED WOVE CONSETS.—BRS, GAYNOR HAS
now fondy the largest selection of imported wore corasts
over offered (retail) in this city. Her prices are about haif
osually charged at No. 45 Third avenue, next to the drug
store, corner of Teach street. N. B.—Some beautiful single
French coutile for summer wear.

MONE NEW GOODS.—BORE GREAT BARGAINS IN
der goods. Again, this week, at the Bowery Savings
Store, 126 Bowery.
F. W. & W. F. GILLEY & CO. NOVELTILS BY THE STRAMER BURDPA. THE subscribers will open, this mortaing, on cases of Paris dress good, consisting of barege, grenadine, organdic and jacoust flounced robes, ombracing many new designs which have not as yet appeared in this market. UBSPELL, PEIR-SON & LANE 47 Broadway, between Grand and Broome streets.

A tation—the subscriber has, this day, reduced the on-ture of his imported mantilias just fifty per cent from origi-ral cost. He has also made a considerable reduction in those of his own manufacture. He calls particular atten-tion to a very extended assortment of black silk and lace manufiles at 28 and \$10 cach, the very latest styles, and not to be equalical in the city. GEO. BULPIN, Paris Mantilia Emporium, Sci Broadway.

Pais Mantilla Emporium, 56 Broadway.

CTRAW GOODS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

A The sabarether having made an extensive purchase to the above goods, at fully thirty per cent below the case of the above goods, at fully thirty per cent below the case of the prices of the above goods, at fully thirty per cent below the case of the prices o

Lot brooklyn.—There will be an adjourned stated meeting of the association on this (Tuesday) evening, at 7% o'clock, at the Court Room of D. R. Smith, Room No. 2, basement, City Hais, at which all the members are respectfully invited to attend. By creder,
Thos. R. MERCEIN, Sec. D. VAN VOORHIES, Pres.

1854. -WRITING. &c.-PRIVATE PUPILS.-MR.
BRISTOW guarantees to ladies and gentlemen satisfaction a localiful early hand or signature. Applications daily received. Ladies taught to write on early \$1 pack, 25 cents, or on linea. 45.29 Broadway, Horatic strees.

A wisher to give private lessons in the French and German languages and the literature thereof, both to ladies and gentlemen. Address Z. T. Schubert's Music store, SSP Broadway.

Engineering, FULL INSTRUCTION GIVEN ON the stationary, Icomotive and marine engines, with details, comprising the description, application, improvement and management of its several varieties. Explanation in English and Spanish Apply at 259 Broadway, room No. 45 up tating. 49, up stairs.

PRENCH AND GERMAN PRIVATE LESSONS.—MR.

P.E. TELLERING, 4-3 Broad way, Wallack's Theatre
buildings, formerly Referentiatre a la cour Royals, and Profresor of Languages at Paris, Vienna, Loadon, &c., for a
number of years past at New York, continues to give private
lessons in the above languages.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—THOSE WHO ARE DESIROUS
of sequiring a perfect knowledge of the French language and speak it shoulty in a short time, with the pure Farelan a cent, may call at Mr. Dubos, 761 Broadway.
Latter classes by Md'me. Lubos, Goatlemen's classes by Mr. Dubos.

PANISH LANGUAGE.—CLASSES ARE NOW BEING S. formed; private instructions also given; translations made with correctness and propriety. Applications should be made in mediately. Apply at 269 Broadway, room No. 45, up states.

EXCURSION TO THE FISHING BANKS -STEAMER LAURA KNAPP. Capt Audorson, will leave Frankin street. North river, at 70-look; Amos at 7% Spring street 7% Murray at 7%, Pock slip. East river 8; Broome street 8%, Tenth street at 8% o'clock, pler 3 North river 9 o'clock a. M.

PACURSIONS TO THE FISHING BANKS DAILY, accept Saturday. Pare 25 cents each way. The sea steamer BUFFALO, Capt. A. Smith, will leave Ames street pier at 7½ o'clock; Spring street, at 7½; Peck sip, at 8; Broome street at 5½, pier No. 3 North river at 9 A M ; returing by 5 P. M. Fishing tackloand refreshments provided on board.

THE METROPOLITAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPAay —Cash capital \$300,000.—Office 108 Broadway, corner Pine, street. This Company is now prepared to insure
buildings, merchandisc, personal property and ships in port
and their cargoos, sgainst loss or damage by fire.

James Lorimer Graham,
Edward Whitebouse,
Joseph B Varnum,
Leo:ard Appleby,
Frederick H. volcott,
William K. Strong,
Gilbert L. Beeckman,
Mores Taylor. Frederick H v olcott, William K Strong, Gilbert L Beeckman, Joseph M. Strong, Joseph M. Strong, Joseph M. Strong, Lerrain Freeman, Edward Macomber. John Le Farge, John Le Farge, Lanc E Taylor, Jeromiah Wilbur. JAMES LORIMER GRAMAM, President.

DEMOVED - DEPOT OF PERIGORD PRESERVES,
No. 500 Broadway. - In announcing their removal to
the above premises A ROQUE & CO. invise particular attention to their new and increased facilities for the execution of orders, wholesale and retail. The character of this
establishment will be maintained as hereforce by supplying articles of unrivalled excellence. Particular attention
is devuted to the importation of bombons, checolate, and
one Paris articles for presents and holidays. Constantly
on hand a great variety of traffles, preserved vegetables,
foreign fruits, and articles of fine grocories, wines, brandy,
very

THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL MISSION CHURCH, late of Bleventh street, betweeen Third and Fourth avenues, has removed to Astor place, entrance on Eighth street. Services by the Rev Dr Dickinson at 19% A. M. and 7% P. M. Sunday school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Seate free.

LASHION ABLE DRESSMAKING.—DRESSES FITTED

The sad made at from \$4 to \$10 each. MISS ROGERS, 377
Hudson avenue, between Willoughby street and Dekalb
avenue, Brooklyn.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.—MADAME
FAURE, pupil of Madame Bogor, dressmaker of the
Empress of France, Bus Louis le Grand, Paris—Madame
Faure has a correspondent in Paris; and receives some selected patterns of mahion by every stellmer. No. 47 Lispemard street near Broadway.

DARIS MILLINERY.—WILL OPEN ON THURSDAY,
the let of Juan, new styles of craye and fancy bonnets;
slico, 330 Legborn Paris thish, and 1,750 Dunstable, split
straw Lighorn plain and lare bonnets, rolled edges and
capes of the Paris and Lordon styles for June.
DUNSMORE & BROWN, 483 Broadway.

DUNNELS & HERMANN S PANAMA PASSENGER b express, for the transportation of passengers and bagage across the lethaus, to connect with the steamer at Parama. Funnels & Hermann, favorably known for some years past as forwarders upon the lethaus, respectfully aive notice to the public in the Atlantic States, that they are largely engaged in the prompt transportation of passengers and baggage from Applawall to Passaya, employing for the purpose special measurers and a large number of the best mules accustomed to the route; also, the earliest railing of training the propose special measurers and a large number of the best mules accustomed to the route; also, the earliest railing of the parameter of the teamer. Personally, they till remain upon the latinut to ensure the transit of passengers without any detention or disconfict; but they have established an office for the sale of their transit tickets, at No. 35 Broadway, New York, where Mr. A. L. Stimson is their sole agent.

\*\*RUNNELS & HERMANN.\*\*

A. L. STIMSON, Agent, 36 Broadway, New York.\*

DR JAMES W. POWELL, OCULIST, AURIST, &C., DEvotes his attention exclusively to diseases of the sys and
ear, from 5 to 50 clock daily, at his offices. 502 Broadway,
Dr. Powell graduated in Dublin in 1833, and has practised
in this city for twenty years. Dr. Powell's popular "Treatties on the Eye," can he procurred at his office. It may be
the means of preserving a treasure which money cannot
buy, also, his self-acting aye and ear fountains, which obtained the medal at the Crystal Palace; and the daset and
largest collection of human strikerial eyes in the Union.

THE EAR AND EYE.—DR. HEATH, AURIST AND
Cealins, devotes especial attention to the treatment of
teafmens, and all diseases of the ear and eye. Office 60
White street, just west of Broadway. Hours from 9 to 12
and from 5 to 6. Palacine visited.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

VERY INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

Another Cuban Outrage on Record

PASSAGE OF THE INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS

Progress of the Deficiency Bill. Proposed Alterations in the Laws Relative to the Mint.

The Pacific Railroad Bill in the House

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLIES, &c., &c., &c.

From the National Capital.

SHAMPFUL BEHAVIOUR OF A CUBAN OFFICIAL ON BOARD AN AMERICAN VESSEL, ETC. It would appear that the grave nature of the issue now pending between this government and Spain has had no effect in awakening the Cuban officials to the necessity of observing something like decent behavior in their in-tercourse with American citizens. The following facts have been communicated to me by a gentleman who has

on the Florida reefs, states that on the 18th of April, whilst his vessel was lying in the harbor of Matazzas, and before he had commenced to load, a fire accidentally broke out in the ship's galley, but was extinguished in less than five minutes. A large number of vessels were near, and as soon as the fire was perceived, a number of boats put off to his assistance. The Captain of the Port soon after came on board, and put a number of questions respecting the origin and extent of the fire. He appeared greatly enraged, and swaggered up and down the deck, talking loudly and abusively, and whirling his cane about in a threatening manner. He sought the steward, and questioned him closely on these points; and although the latter answered him in the most respectful manner, through the interpreter, he gave way to a vio-lent burst of temper, and struck the man. Flesh and blood could not stand this, and the steward observing a hatchet lying at a little distance from him on the deck, more by way of a threat than anything else, called out to a sailor in Spanish to hand it to him. The latter, not a same in spanial to man it to him. In a later, not understanding a word of the language, of course did not comply. The captain, still more enraged, repeated the outrage by striking the man again with his fist. After stamping up and down the deck in the most theatrical manner, and threatening that he would fine Capt. Dickey five hundred dollars, he finally left the vessel on an intimation from the latter that if he did not behave him-self more civilly he would throw him overboard. It is a pity that the threat was not carried into execution, just to operate as a lesson to these Spanish bullies, that nity. If our government has not vigor and patriotism enough to protect them, they must learn to protect

the mate of the bark Gold Hunter, the mate of the Heath, who are ready to depose to the truth of them. I send you the statement as I have received it, leaving you to make what comment you please upon it.

## THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS. FIRST SESSION.

The CHAIR laid before the Senate a message from the

The Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President, communicating a copy of the Report by Mr. Sandford, late American Charge at Paris, upon the Penal Codes of France and other European countries, and also on the administrative changes in Europe since 1848. on the administrative changes in Europe since 2020.

Ordered to be printed.

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.

Mr. BADGER, (whig) of N. C., presented the petition of forty-seven members of the Jewish persuasion, in favor

Mr. Gwin, (dem.) of Cal., offered a resolution provid-

ing for an adjournment of Congress on Monday, the 3d of July, at 12 o'clock M. Laid over.

EXCESS FOR NOT YOUNG ON THE NEBRASKA BILL.

Mr. ADAMS, (dem.) of Miss., stated that if he had been present at the time when the vote on the Nebraska bill was taken he would have voted for it.

THE INDIAN APPROPRIATION BILL

Was then taken up.

Mr. BADGER, (whig) of N. C., said that he desired to do an act of justice to two friends in the Senate. Some time since, when the bill to suspend the collection of duty on railroad iron was under consideration, it was urged that the bill should be postponed, because of the absence of the Senators from Pennsylvania. He then said that to postpone the bill till they were present, would amount to an indefinite postponement of the bill. The remark was made jocosely, and he had striggen it out of the official report of the debate. It had, however, got into the papers. He regretted that the remark made by him had been quoted in the Pennsylvania papers as a reflection upon the two Senators from that State. He deeply regretted that such a remark should have been made by him, because he was well satisfied that neither of the Pennsylvania Senators, by negligence or otherwise, had ever been faithless to their duty to their State.

Signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker of the House, was received and signed by the Speaker

signed by the Fresident of the Scenars.

INDIAN APPROPRIAMONS.

Several kumaterial amendments to the Indian bill were adopted, and the bill was passed.

Mr. HUNDER, Adem.) of Va., moved that the Senate insist on its amendments, and ask a Committee of Conference. No quorum voted.

Mr. STUARI (dem.) of Mich., said he hoped the Senate would recede from the amendment respecting the public valuting.

Mr. Strain (dem.) of Mich., said he hoped the Senate would recede from the amendment respecting the public printing.

Mr. Adams, (dem.) of Miss., hoped the Senate would recede from all its amendments not agreed to by the House.

Mr. Pentry (dem.) of Ind., said he desired the Senate to recede from its amendment relating to the Washington waterworks.

Mr. Hunke said that the usual course was to recede from all, or insist upon all amendments read.

Mr. Pertry said that the would prefer almost to lose the whole bill, rather than vote for the water works appropriation at this particular time.

Mesars. Mason, Clayron and Dawson supported the water works appropriation.

Mr. Hunter's motion was then agreed to, and the Chair was directed to appoint a Committee of Conference.

The motion by Mr. Brodhead, to reconsider the directing the printing of 37,000 additional copies of the agricultural part of the Patent Office report, was taken up.

Mr. Bromman said his motion to reconsider was designed to enable him to amend the resolution, by directing the work to be done by the Senate printer. The House had directed the printing to be done by its own printer.

Mesars. Stuart, Hamilin, Gwin and Toucey opposed the

log the work to be done by the Senate printer. The House had directed the printing to be done by its own printer.

Messrs. Stuart, Hamlin, Gwin and Toucey opposed the motion to re-consider, and Messrs. Brodhead, Pratt, Mason, Rusk and Badger supported it.

The law provides that all documents printed by order of both houses shall be printed by the printer of that house first ordering the same. Part one of the Patent Office report was first ordered to be printed by the Senate. Part two was first ordered to be printed by the Senate. Part two was first ordered to be printed by the House. The question at issue was, whether both parts were one document, and if so, the printing of all should go to the Senate printer; or, whether each part was a separate document, to be printed by the Finter of, the house first ordering the same. The Superintendent of Printing had decided the latter way.

The motion to re-consider was agreed to—yeas 21, nays 16.

Mr. BRODHEAD moved to amend, by inserting that the printing should be done by the Senate printer.

Mr. HAMIN, (dem.) of Ma, said that the resolution if amended, would amount to nothing. The Superintendent of Printing would greects the law, and give the work to the officer to which the law required him to give it. The Superintendent would treat the resolution with respect, so far as it was lawful, and beyond that, he would treat it as a nullity.

Mr. RUSK, (dem.) of Texas, said that he hoped the Superintendent would be left to discharge his duty in his own way. He hoped no efficer would be invited by what corn to disregard an order of the body, and to set up his own judgament upon the acts of the Senate.

Mr. HAMIN said he understood that such was the opinion of the Superintendent, and such would be his action on the resolution.

Mr. BRODHEAD hoped to efficer would be invited by what of the senate in advance, and has had that decision announced in the Senate to overrule our action.

Mr. BRODHEAD has a special to over the senate in advance, and has had that decision announced in

The number of copies was increased to 40,000.

The resolution was then adopted—Yeas 23, nays 12.

THE NEW GOLD CONAGE.

On motics of Mr. Gwis, the Senate took up the bill authorizing the coinage of ten and five eagle gold pieces. The bill was read, and it provides for the coinage of one hundred dellar gold coins, weighing each 1,200 grains, and afty dollar gold coins, weighing each 1,200 grains, to be of the present standard of fineness. Section two provides for procuring necessary dies and apparatus fir coinage, and authorizes the President to determine the devices, motices and figures.

Section three declares such coins a legal tender. Section four provides that the Director of the Mint, in the regulations for the Assay Office in New York, shall place the depository of gold buildon in that office on the same footing as depositors of gold in the mint at Philadelphia and the branch mints.

Section five declares that it shall be optional for persons depositing gold or silver bullion or foreign coins at the New York Assay Office to receive the mint value of the same in reflued bars or in unrefined bars of the identical metial so deposited—such bars to be stamped with the weight, fineness, and mint value. All laws authorizing any other mode of payment for deposits are hereby repealed.

Section vir repeals all laws authorizing any foreign gold or silver coins to passection of the passection of the

with the weight, lineness, and mint value. All laws authorizing any other mode of payment for deposits are hereby repealed.

Section six repeals all laws authorizing any foreign gold or silver coins to pass current as money, or in payment of debts. The director of the mint to report annually the average weight, fineness, and mint value of foreign coins imported into the United States.

Section seven makes it lawful for the Director of the Mint, under the regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, to provide for striking medals for States, Territories, societies, and individuals. He shall also keep a collection of all medals struck by the United States, by States, Ierritories, &c. The expense of striking such medals to be paid by the parties for whom the same shall be done.

Section eight provides for the appointment of an assistant director of the mint, at a salary of \$2,500.

Section nine authorizes the department to increase the salary of clerks in California branch mint to \$3,000.

Section eleven provides that all appointments of clerks and assistants in the offices of Assistant Treasurers of the United States and in the mint and fits branches shall be made, with the approval of the President, by such Assistant Treasurer, Director, Superintendent, &c., respectively, who have given bond for the faithful performance of duty.

Section twolve makes all penal and other laws relating to the United States coinage apply to coins authorized by the act.

to the United States coinage apply to coins authorized by the act.

Section thirteen is in the following words.—That in adjusting the weights of gold coins authorized by this act, the following deviations from standard weight shall not be exceeded in any of the single pieces, namely—in the ten eagle piece and the five eagle piece, one half of a grain, and that in weighing a large number of pieces together, when delivered from the chief coiner to the Treasurer, and from the Treasurer to depositors, the deviation from standard weight shall not exceed seven penny weights in one thousand ten eagle pieces, or five pennyweights in one thousand the eagle pieces.

Mr. First, (whig) of N. Y., said the bill proposed many important changes, and he hoped it would be laid over till to-morrow.

important changes, and a star a short executive session the Senate adjourned. House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 1854.
THE SLAVE RIOT AT BOSTON.

Mr. DRAN, (dem.) of N. Y., objected, saying it was a

Mr. FAULENER moved a suspension of the rules. Question taken. Yeas 55, nays 51. No quorum.

Mr. LETCHER (dem.) of Va., moved that the House adjourn. Not carried.

The SIERKER counted the House, saying—A quorum is naw present, there being 120 members in attendance.

The question was again taken on Mr. Faulkner's motion, and it was tegratired. Yeas, 50; nays, 68.

Mr. Lean gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill to amend and revise the laws relating to the naturalization of foreigners, to regulate the granting of pasperts, and to punish frauds in granting or obtaining the same.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on THE FACIFIC RAHEOLA AND TREBERRAPH BILL.

It proposes a railroad and telegraph line from the Mississippi river at a point not north of the 37th parallel of north latitude, to San Francisco, and a railroad and telegraph line from some point on the northerly shore of Lake Superior, or the Mississippi river, in Minnesota to the waters of the Pacific Ocean.

Mr. INEN (dem.) of Pa., asked and obtained permission to print a speech on the subject.

Mr. PLORENE, (dem.) of Pa.—That is a pretty good hour's speech. (Ha, ha!)

Mr. MCDOUGAI, (dem.) of Cal., said this bill was, in his judgment—and he believed in that of the whole country—the mest important one which has claimed the consideration of this body in peaceful times, since the establishment of the federal constitution. It was a question of the first magnitude and the greatest national importance. The select committee who reported this bill, was organized at an early day in the session. They had met for upwards of two months. The result of their deliberations was the measure now under consideration, and it was different in its features from any hereofore introduced for that auterous.

importance. The select committee who reported this bill, was organized at an early day in the session. They had met for upwards of two months. The result of their deliberations was the measure now under consideration, and it was different in its features from any heretofore introduced for that purpose. The provisions are now more guarded and the interests of the government better protected. It provides for no immediate grant of lands,—no absolute grant. If individuals, corporations or States shall come forward and give sufficient guarantee to government that they will construct the road, then they will be afforded certain facilities. The Secretary of War, on the passage of this bill, is requested to advertise that bids will be received, the parties offering, to stipulate as to the time required for the construction of the road, and as to the amount of road to be built in any one year—the most favorable bidder to be selected. The government is to convey the lands as the work progresses, and not otherwise. It is not proposed that the general government shall become the proprietors of this work, but as States are organized in the Territories through which it will pass, portion after portion of the road is to be surrendered to them. This bill will not, according to other provisions, establish a large land monopoly and great 'political influence. It carefully guards against all anticipated mischiefs. He contended that the government has no constitutional powers to give lands in aid of the enterprise, and quoted strict construction views in support of his position. Government now pays \$4,000,000 per annum for the conveyance of mails and naval and military stores between the two oceans. This bill proposes to perform, not semi-monthly, or six or nine months trips, but weekly trips across the continent, at a maxium of \$1,200,000—thus effecting a great saving of money, apart from the facilities afforded in case of war. In allusion to the resources of California, he said, she exports more of her own natural products than

agreeing amendments of the two houses to the Deficiency bill.

HIE GEV. ARESTRONG CASE AGAIN.

Mr. PERRIERS, (dem.) of Lu., from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a bill for the relief of the claimants of the private armed brig General Armstrong. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. WALBRIDGE, (dem.) of N. Y., asked leave to offer the following resolution:—"That, the Senate concurring, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives adjourn their respective houses, size dic, on Monday, 3d July next, at meridian.

Objection being made.—

Mr. WALBRIDGE moved a suspension of the rules, pending which the House adjourned.

Markets.

At our cattle market to-day, 450 head of beef cattle were offered, and 300 sold at prices ranging from \$4.50 a \$5.75 on the hoof. The stock offered was very inferior. Hogs were in large supply, and sold at \$5 a \$6.75.

Non-arrival of the Arctic.

SANDY HOOK, May 30-2 A. M.
The Collins steamship Arctic, now in her thirteenth

Religious Masters.

PRESENTERIAN (N. S.) GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Pulladellula, May 29, 1854.

In the Assembly, this morning, the protest against the action by the Assembly upon the slavery question was presented and placed on the minutes.

The Committee on Bills and Overtures was instructed to recily.

was presented and placed on the minutes.

The Committee on Bills and Overtures was instructed to reply.

The Rev. Albert Barnes, having the floor, resumed the discussion of the subject of Ecclesiastical Boards. He was heard with great attention. He expressed strong affection for the New England Congregationalists as men, but reviewed the proceedings of the Albany Convention in a very decided strain. He also commented on the course of the Old School Presbyterians for suspending him from the ministry because he adopted Dwight's theology. He urged co-operation with the Congregationalists. He closed congratulating the assembly upon its present high position on the slavery question, and said that it was a subject which the Old School would soon be compelled to meet.

PERSETTERIAN (O. S.) GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

BURFAL, May 29, 1854.

In the Presbyterian Assembly this morning, the report of the Special Committee on systemath beacculeace was read. The report urges the importance and duty of churches to make the greatest efforts to increase Christian benevolence among the members of the churches.

The election of Professors to Princeton and Danville, took place, and resulted in the choice of Dr. A. T. McGill for the former, and John N. Waddell, D. D., to the latter.

The Steamer Totten.

Norrolk, May 29, 1854.
The steamer Totten, previously reported ashore, hibeen got off, and arrived in port, all tight.

Police Intelligence.

A DARING OURAGE, BY STABBING IN THE PUBLIC STREET.

On Sunday night, between 10 and 11 o'clock, as Mr. William Irwin, residing in Jay street, was standing at the corner of College place and Murray street, talking with some friends, two Italians came along and pashed up against them, and without any further provocation one of them, named Carlo Rovelli, drew a drick knife and inflicted a severe wound in the arm. An alarm was instantly given, the police called, and as Rovelli was running off down Murray street, private watchman Moran stopped him and caused his arrest by the police. The accomplice, named Emille Hocelati, ran up Murray street, along Church street to Park place, up Park place to Broadway, and thence across Broadway to the Park, several in pusuit, calling out—"Stop him." Captain Leonard and Sergeant Brown, who happened to be standing by the office of the Chief of Police, heard the alarm and saw the man running, also went in pursuit, and succeeded in taking him into custody. This man, it appears, in his flight up Murray street, was stopped by Mr. James Norton, of 41 Murray street, and the rufflan, to effect his escape, drew a dirk and thrust it into the left breast of Mr. Norton, inflicting a very severe if not dangerous wound. The two assailants were taken to the Third ward station house, and in the morning conveyed before Justice Osborn, who held them to ball in the sum of \$1,000 cach, in default of which they were committed to the Tombs.

Disturbance among Firemen—On Sunday afternoon, at an alarm of fire in the Fourth district, a disturbance occurred in Broadway, near Twellth street, between the members and runners of hose carringe 41 and 24; the police were called into requisition and arrested several of the rioters, who were taken before Justice Stuart and required to find ball for their future good behavior. A Deepente Assault with a Shoot——A woman named Margaret O'Nell was yesterday arrested by officer members and runners of hose carringe 41 and 24; the police were called i

Coroners' Inquests.

Killing A Doy meven Yards of Acq. by Giving him Brandy,—Coroner Hilton yesterday held an inquest at the residence of Mr. Ansley Lake, on the body of his son, Henry Angus, aged eightyears, whose death was caused by drinking a table-spoon full of brandy, given to him by Francis Graham. The circumstances which led to the fatal result were elicited at the Coroner's investigation, as follows: The father of deceased went to the black-mith shop of John Graham, No. 247 Seventh avenue, to get his house shed, and took the deceased with him. The boy was then left by his father to bring the horse home when shed. While the boy was thus waiting, a man asmed William Reed came in and said he was going to treat the boys—meaning the work men in the shop—and accordingly went out and returned with three gills of brandy; five men drank, and a small quantity was given to the boy, who drank it, and soon after became insensible and stupified. The father was sent for, who conveyed his son home, and by the time he arrived home, the poor child's eyes appeared to be perfectly paralyzed, and he was evidently in a dying condition; he remained so until eight o'clock, P. M., when he expired. The police arrested Francis Graham, who was the person who gave the brandy. The fact of giving the boy the brandy was not denied, as it had been done through ignorance.

Dr. Finnell made a post morizm examination of the body of deceased, and gave as his opinion that death was occasioned by the poisonous effects of alcohol; and that as the boy had been weak and feeble for some time past, but a small quantity of brandy was necessary to produce this fatal result. The jury rendered the following verdict—"That deceased came to his death by convulsions from poisoning by alcohol, administered to him by Francis Graham."

On the above verdict, the Coroner required Francis

dict..." That deceased came to his death by convalsions from poisoning by alcohol, administered to him by Francis Graham."

On the above verdict, the Coroner required Francis Graham to find bail in the sum of \$1,000, to answer any indictment that may be found against him.

The accused acknowledged giving the brandy to the boy, but says there was not more than a table spoonful, and that he had no intention of committing an injury. He asked the child if he would have some brandy, and he replied he would, and it was given to him.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT THE CORNER OF NASSAU AND BREKHAN STRIKERS.—The young man 17 years of age, named James Holland, whose skull was fractured on the 20th inst. by a brick falling on him while at work taking down the building corner of Nassau and Beckman streets, died on Sunday night from the effects of the injury. Coroner Hilton yesterday held an inquest at the New York Hospital on the body, and rendered a verdict of accidental death.

FOUND BROWNED.—Coroner O'Donnell yesterday held

death.

FOUND STOWNED.—Coroner O'Donnell yesterday held an inquest at the foot of Dover street, on the body of Michael McLaughlin, whose body was found floating in the river, foot of that street. The deceased had been missing for several days, and when last seen he was intoxicated. A verdict of death by drawning was rendered.

dered. UNNOWN MAN FOUND IN THE WATER.—Coroner Wilhelm yesterday held an inquest at Fier No. 18, on the body of an unknown man found in the river at that pier. Dr. Richardson examined the body, but did not discover any marks of violence about him. He was five feet six inches, red hair and whiskers, dressed in a black frock coat, black silk vest and gray pants. The body appeared to have been in the water for some weeks.

Williamsburg City News.

Serious Affray at Grien Point—One Man Dangerousity Engles —On Sunday evening, about 8 o'clock, an affray occurred at Green Point at a German porter house,
corner of L and Fourth streets, between two Irishmen
and the keeper of the house, named John Footz, which
resulted in Foetz receiving injuries which it is feared
will terminate fatally. Last evening Coroner Hanford
proceeded to hold an ante mortem examination at the
residence of the injured man. After hearing the testimony, the jury rendered a verdict that John Footz was
dangerously wounded by being struck on the head with
a stone in the hands of Frank Fitzgerald, and by being
besten with a club in the hands of Feter Shay, said act
being malicious and premeditated. The prisoners, who
were locked up in the cells, will be committed to the
county jail to-day by the Coroner, to await the result of
the injuries. The injured man was very feeble last evening at 10 o'clock, and his recovery was quite doubiful.
There is a deep cut in his head made by a stone, his breast
bone is supposed to be broken, and his body is badly
bruised.

Attenty to Munder.—Vesterday morning, about one

bone is supposed to be broken, and his body is badly bruised.

ATEMPT TO MURDER.—Yesterday morning, about one o'clock, a young man named Peter Burns, was found in the dock at the foot of South First street, where he had been thrown by three men, who first beat him and robbed him of his coat. He was conveyed to the Second ward station house by officer McErroy, and medical aid procured. Yesterday, he stated that he entered a porter house in First street, while intoxicated, and purchased a paper of tobacco. In paying for it he exhibited a roll of bills. The whree men followed and attacked him as above stated. Their object undoubtedly was to get possession of the money. He had placed it in a tobacco box, and consequently his money was safe.

U. S. Circuit Court.

Before Hon. Judge Betts.

THE INDIA RUBBER CONTROVERBY.

MAY 29.—Horace H. Day against The New England Car Spring Company.—The celebrated India rubber controversy between Bay and Goodyear, which has occupied our courts for some years past, seems to be as far removed from its termination as any suit in chancery in the Old Country, not excepting that half fictitious and half real case of Jandyce against Jarndyce. An array of counsel such as, perhaps, is seldom seen in our courts, not alone from this eity, but from neighboring States, are called into requisition. There appear for the defendants Mesers. Chas. O'Conor. James T. Brady, J. W. Gerrard, E. N. Dickerson, C. M. Kellur, B. H. Jarvis and Borchardt, of New York; Gov. Baldwin, (Conn.), Perkina, (do.), Pitman, (R. I.). For the plaintiffs, Mesers. E. N. Stoughton, N. Richardson, (Boston), E. W. Hodges, (do.), T. N. Jencks, (Providence), and Ingersoll, (Conn.) The plaintiff sues defendants for infringement of what by is called Chaffle's patent, which he alleges he purchased assignment from Chaffle. Defendants plead license to use the same under Chas. Goodyear & Wm. Judson, who, in behalf of said Goodyear and as his trustee, took the title to said patent in 1860. The present suit has been before the Court for some days past, and the decumentary qvidence and speeches of counsel see-likely to engage the of this week.

The Fussings of the Steamship Golden Age, Pont raise, Springery 12, 1864.

Capt. D. D. Pourra, U. S. N., Steamship Cooled.

Dear Sira—Parting addresses at Port Philip Head and as common as "leaves in Valambrees," and we should question the compliment one to you would convey, were it special or party, or simply in stereotyped phrase, our acknowledgement for your safe conveyance to these shores.

The faiter is indeed a task now performed so daily that little merit could have been found in its fulfilment, to have warranted a demonstration of this kind. But, Sir, you have done so much more, so much permanent good to these Australian Colonies particularly, that sience on our part were culpable if we separated withcut testifying our appreciation of your great nautical säll, or of placing your achievements in the hands of the public (through the medium of the press) for them. It is your proud fortune to have reaped a triple triumph. You have lessened the distance between this and the mother country by adopting a new route, more direct, and hitherto untried; and you have thereby proved a great fact, that it is both safe and expeditious to coast the African continent, if untiring exertion, unerring judgment, and mautical skill of the highest order, are brought to the task. You have piloted the first paidle wheel steamer to the Australian shoroe; you have never a brought to the task. You have piloted the first paidle wheel steamer to the Australian shoroe; you have never and knyland; and finally, you have inspired confidence in every one around you by your vigilance, your promptitude and your never ceasing oare, and secured their esteem by unvarying kindness and courtesy to all.

It would be an injustice to the admirable internal ar-

ing of respect and esteem, we are, dear sir, yours sincerely, (Signed by over 260 passengers.)

MELOURNE, February 20, 1854.

GENTIEMEN—To morrow I leave for Sydney, having arrived here on the 13th all well, and in live days from King George's Sound, and fifty-one days running time from Liverpool, from dock to dock. As usual, after leaving King George's Sound, we met with strong easterly winds, and very heavy head sens, and as I did not get quite as much coal as I wasted, I had to economise. You cannot conceive the enthusiastic greetings we recovered from the Americans at this place, for there have been so many reports about the Golden Age's "top hamper" and her terrible "rocking beam," that even the hearts of the Americans began to beat with uneasiness for fear sake would not come; but when the Golden Age was seen in the offing, travelling at a speed hitherto unseen in these waters, they nearly all went mad; and when they found that our running time was eleven days shorter than that of their fastest steamer, and that we had anchored in the harbor without so much as a screw being loose, or even a chip being knocked off the outside, I am told they went quite cray; they at once took us to their arms, and gave us a magnificent dinner, (which cost twe housand dollars.) Even the English speak of unwith praise. Your obedient servant,

Jullien and the St. George's Society.

30 East FOURTEENTH STREET, N. Y., January 19, 1854.

TO MONS, JULIEST—
DEAR SEM—At the Astor House, on the 10th instant, there was a large meeting of the St. George's Society, at which meeting it was unanimously
Resolved, That the thanks of the Society be tendered to you for your kind exertions and talent shown at the concert given in aid of the funds of the Society, and also for the very liberal donation presented by you personally to the charitable fund of the Society.

It was further resolved to ber your accentance of one of the badges of the Society, and which I have now the pleasure to forward with this letter. I beg you also to accept my personal thanks and estems.

I remain, dear sir, your obedient servent,

President of the St. George's Society

President of the St. George's Society

New York, May 24, 1854.

To the President of the St. George's Society.

Sir—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a letter from you as President of the St. George's Society, tendering me the unanimous thanks of that most excellent asociation for a concert given in its behalf, and enclosing a may nificent badge of the Order of St. George for my acceptance, which i shall preserve during a y life as a memento among the many agreeable souvenirs I retain of my Erst visit to the United States.

I shall feel obliged by your presenting my grateful acknowledgments to the members of the St. George's Society for so unanimously voting thanks to me for the results of the concert, which were due more to their own indefatigable exertions than my feeble taleat.

I consider that when God has given a man talent, power, position, or any kind of superiority, it is not intended that those advantages should be reserved for himself alone, but that he should use them for the benefit of those whom trying and accerse circumstances have entitled to a claim on his protection. The wealthy members of the St. George's Society not only understand, but constantly practice these scared duties by helping those when—forced to quit the Old Country—arrive in the "promised land" with their hearts full of bright hopes, yet with no means save energetic courage, which would have failed them but for the first and of the St. George's Society, ver ready to advise and materially assist all who possess the common claims of kindred, country and humanity.

Now, to you, sir, personally, who to my own knowledge have frequently distributed to the poor and sick the treasures of your science, and even pecuniary assistance,

Theatres and Exhibitions.

BROADWAY IMEATER.—The grand speciacle of "Faustua" was produced last evening. The attendance was large. It will be presented again to-night; Mr. C. Pope as Faustus, Mr. Conway as Mephistopheles, and Mad Fonisi as Adine. The scenery is beautiful, and the acting throughout is admirable. The piece called "Antony and Cicopatra" will commence the amusements.

and Chopatra" will commence the amusements.

Bowery Theater—The bill for this evening is one which cannot fall to please the frequenters of this old and favorite theatre. The drama of "Salvator Ross," which has drawn good houses, will commence the performances, and the amusing piece called 'Hot Corn, or Life Scenes in New York " will close the entertainments.

NHBO'S GARDEN.—The Ravels and Mille. Yroa Mathias, who are drawing large audiences every night, are to appear this evening in the grand ballet pantomine of "Bella la l'aquerette," the character of Bella by Mila. Yroa Mathias, and those of Narcissus and Francois bavel. The comic ballet pantomine of "Robert Macaire" concludes the entertainments.

M. Brillant and Francois Ravel. The comic ballet pantomime of "Robert Macaire" concludes the entertainments.

NATIONAL TIMATRE—The amusing melo-dramatic performances given every evening by Messrs. Cony and Taylor are drawing large houses. The pieces anounced for this evening are the drama of "The Highland Drover," the extravaganza of "The Fairy Light Guard," and the pantomimic drama of "La Perouse" Messrs. Cony and Taylor and Mrs. J. Prior in leading characters.

Wallack's THEATRE—The benefit of Mr. Blake takes place this evening when he will appear in two of his best characters. He will sustain the part of Geoffrey Fale in the drama of "The Last Man," and Jesse Rural in the fine comedy of "Old Heads and Young Hearts." The other characters will be filled by Wallack's fine stock company.

ANGUCAN MUSICE.—The selections made for this afterneon consist of the farce of "Away with Molancholy," and the amusing sketch of the "Fairy Light Guard." In the evening the comedy of the "School for Scandall" will be performed.

Charty's Minstrams.—A fine selection of negro melocies, teacher with the connect à da Jullien, and "Life" in the content of the state of the state of the state of the state of the content of the part of the content of the part of the state of the content of the state of the st

be performed.

CHRITY'S MINSTREES.—A fine selection of negro melodies, treather with the concert à la Jullien, and "Lifeamong the Negroes of the South," concluding with Christmas festival aports.

Wood," Months

amusing features.

Beckiry's Opera House.—The burlesque opera of "Scanambula" will be repeated this evening. The house was filled last night, and the performances elicited cheers from the audience. The stage, new drop curtain, and scenery were much admired by the audience, and the performances passed off with great colds.

and scenery were much admired by the audience, and the performances passed off with great colar.

JULIEN'S CONCERTS.—The farewell benefit of Melle. Anna Zour comes off to night, when a very interesting progressms will be presented for the amusement of her admirers. Herr Koonis, the Brothers Mollenhauer, and other artists of distinction, will appear. Madame Wallace Bouchelle, who is a great favorite, will sing the grand aris Casta Diva, from the opers of "Norma?" No doubt numbers will go to hear her. Melle. Anna Zerr will sing an air, with brilliant variations. Those who are acquainted with an old and favorite artist, Mr. W. F. Brough, should remember that his benefit will receive a substantial proof that his long services as a vocalist are duly appreciated by the musical people of New York.

Mannorn Text.—This gigantic representative of the California forcests is now being exhibited every day and evening, at No. 506 Broadway, adjoining Nitho's.

Propressor Haut's Exhibition or rise Wools Workin is given every day and evening, at the World's Hall, 377 Broadway.

Broadway.

Jersey City Intelligence.

A Bungler from Elmira Arranto—Officer Wm. A. Pollard, of Jersey City, received information yesterday, through a telegraphic despatch, that a burglary had been committed at Elmira, and the person, (a colored man,) believed to have committed it would arrive in Jersey City during the day by the New York and Eric Railroad. Accordingly he kept watch, and at 10½ o'clock A. M., upon the arrival of the train he made the arrest. The prisoner was taken before Recorder Cuttor, who committed him to await an examination, which is expected to take place at 2½ o'clock this aftermoon. The accused is a negro of powerful frame, and apparently 45 years of age. He had a trusk and two banjos in his possession. On his person were found a revolver loaded and capped, three knives and a watch. In his trunk were several new revolvers, a lot of knives, a quantity of portmonnaies, and other goods.